

G 610

30.01.06 MZ

RFG 782 Eng.

WITH PRE-ALARM



• Two SPDT output relays: "Operational" and "Pre-alarm"

• One SPDT output relay: "External alarm"

• Programmable "not energized (N.O.)" or "energized (N.C.)" relays output

INDUSTRIAL GAS LEAK DETECTOR

Adjustable alarm threshold

Self-diagnosis sensor fault

 Construction and operation in accordance with CEI EN 50194 and CEI EN 50244 for Methane and LPG - Propane CEI EN 50291 and CEI EN 50292 for CO - Carbon monoxide

• Power supply 230 V~ or 12 V-

• Constructed in DIN 144x144 case with IP 40 protection



1. APPLICATION

RFG 782 is designed to detect the presence of gas in industrial (laboratories, workshops, etc.) or non industrial premises (boiler houses, garages, etc.).

It can monitor, with one or two remote sensors, the concentration in air of the most common types of combustible gas, Methane-Natural gas and LPG-Propane, or the CO-Carbon monoxide produced by incomplete combustion, according to type of sensor used.

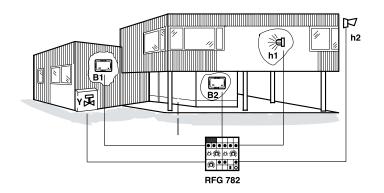
By means of three output relays it can operate:

- relay "Pre-alarm": it can activate a warning signal or switch on low speed of a two-speed aeration fan,
- relay "Operational": it can operate a gas shut-off valve, an aeration fan, etc.,
- relay "External alarm": it can activate a remote alarm device.

2. GAS MONITORING SENSORS

Code	Description	Gas	Sensing element	Protection	Data sheet
SGC 300/M	Sensor in non industrial case	Methane-Natural gas	Figaro TGS 842	IP 30	
SGC 300/P	Sensor in non industrial case	LPG-Propane	Figaro TGS 813	IP 30	
SGC 301	Sensor in non industrial case	CO- Carbon monoxide	Figaro TGS 812	IP 30	
SGR 300/M	Sensor in industrial-type case	Methane-Natural gas	Figaro TGS 842	IP 44	
SGR 300/P	Sensor in industrial-type case	LPG-Propane	Figaro TGS 813	IP 44	
SGR 301	Sensor in industrial-type case	CO-Carbon monoxide	Figaro TGS 812	IP 44	

3. TYPICAL INSTALLATION



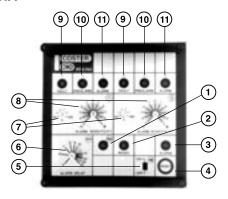
B1,B2 - Monitoring sensors

Y – Gas shut-off valve

h1 – Pre-alarm

h2 – External alarm

4. FACIA



- 1 Line LED
- 2 Ready LED
- 3 Alarm LED
- 4 Re-start (reset)
- 5 Exclusion alarm
- 6 Alarm delay
- 7 Adjustement pre-alarm threshold
- 8 Adjustement alarm threshold
- 9 Sensor fault LEDs
- 10 Sensor pre-alarm LEDs
- 11 Sensor alarm LEDs





5. TECHNICAL DATA

Power supply Consumption Electromagnetic compability Output relay:

typecontacts

- maximum voltage applicable

rated capacity
 Audible alarm

Suitable monitoring sensors:

Methane-Natural gasLPG-Propane

- CO-Carbon monoxide

230 V~ or 12 V $-\pm 10\%$

airtight with inert gas

SPDT voltage-free

SGC/SGR 300/M

SGC/SGR 300/P

SGC/SGR 301

EEC 93/68

250 V ~

85 db

5(1) Amp

±10% Adjustable alarm threshold: 5 VA — Methane-Natural gas

- Methane-Natural gas

0.8%(8,000ppm)... 0.25%(2500ppm) 0.35%(3,500ppm)...0.06%(600ppm)

LPG-Propane
 CO-Carbon monoxide
 Adjustable pre-alarm threshold
 Adjustable alarm delay
 0.05% (500 ppm)
 50...100 % alarm threshold
 5...30 seconds

Ambient temperature:

- operation 0...45 °C - storage -25...60 °C

Ambient humidity class F (DIN 40040)
Protection IP 40
Weight 1,4 kg

6. OPERATION

RFG 782, when powered, does not activate alarms for a period of about two minutes so as to give time to monitoring sensors to become stabilized. At the end of this period the lighting of "Ready" LED (4.2) indicates that detector is ready to signal alarm.

The monitoring sensors continuosly analyze the surrounding air and send to detector electric signals of 0...5 V- proportional to gas concentration in air. When concentration exceeds pre-alarm threshold, detector causes pre-alarm sensor LED (4.10), corresponding to sensor concerned, to light up, and at the same time activates "Pre-alarm" relay.

When the alarm threshold is exeeded, detector immediately causes alarm sensor LED (4.11), corresponding to sensor concerned, to light up. When delay time has expired (4.6), detector activates:

- internal alarm buzzer and causes alarm LED (4.3) to flash,
- "Operational relay" to operate gas shut-off valve or start aeration fan,
- "External alarm" relay to operate any remote alarm device used.

The switch on facia (4.5) gives the option of excluding internal audible alarm and external alarm.

6.1 Monitoring of Methane-Natural gas and LPG-Propane

The alarm thresholds of each sensor are adjustable by means of "Alarm sensitivity" potentiometers (4.8) so as to adapt them to special requirements or characteristics of premises to be monitored.

Sensitivity	Methane-Natural gas % ppm	LPG-Propane % ppm
- 5	0.8 8,000	0.35 3,500
0	0.52 5,200	0.2 2,000
+ 5	0.25 2,500	0.06 600

In condition of low sensitivity (-5) the alarm threshold corresponds to about 16 % LEL (Lower Explosive Limit). The regulations require that alarm threshold is 25 % below LEL:

- LEL Methane- Natural gas = 5 % (50.000 ppm),
- $-LEL\ LPG-Propane = 2,1 \% (21.000 ppm).$

Accordingly, in event of a gas escape, RFG 782 permits intervening under conditions of maximum safety. The pre-alarm thresholds of each sensor are adjustable (4.7) from 50...100 % of alarm threshold.

6.2 Carbon monoxide monitoring

The danger of Carbon monoxide-CO does not derive from its flammability but from its toxicity for humans and this depends on concentration level and time of exposure to this gas.

Concentration	Time	Effects	
0.01% (100 ppm)	–	irrelevant	
0.03% (300 ppm)	60 minutes	lethargy	
0.05% (500 ppm)	90 minutes	headache, nausea	
0.06% (600 ppm)	90 minutes	loss of senses	
0.07% (700 ppm)	120 minutes	coma, death	

You must use the alarm threshold with sensitivity at -5, equal to a concentration of 0.05% (500 ppm) of carbon monoxide in air.

6.3 Output relay

The "Operational", "Pre-alarm" and "External alarm" relays can be used in two different ways:

- Normally not energized:
 - internal links (secton 10) positioned on L,
 - in normal condition (detector powered, not in alarm), relays are not energized with contacs 6-7, 9-10 and 19-20 closed, 5-7, 8-10 and 18-20 open,
 - in alarm condition, relays are energized with contacts 6-7, 9-10 and 19-20 open, 5-7, 8-10 and 18-20 closed.
- (BSI 7348 requirement):
 - internal links (section 10) positioned on R,
 - in normal condition (detector powered, not in alarm), relays are energized with contacts 6-7, 9-10 and 19-20 open, 5-7, 8-10 and 18-20 closed,
 - in alarm condition, relays are not energized, with contacts 6-7, 9-10 and 19-20 closed, 5-7, 8-10 and 18-20 open.





6.4 Latching alarm and resetting

When RFG 782 enters alarm state, if switches 3 and 4 of internal programmer (section 8) are in On position (with Latching Alarm), this alarm state remains even when gas concentration returns below threshold level; to re-start normal functioning, press "Reset" key (4.4). If switches 3 and 4 are in Off position (without Latching Alarm), when the gas returns below alarm threshold, normal functioning re-start automatically.

6.5 Alarm delay

In order to ensure that unusual and transient ambiental conditions do not set off the alarm unnecessarly, RFG 782 delays its intervention with respect to the signals from sensors. This delay can be adjusted (5...30 seconds) by means of potentiometer (4.6) on facia.

6.7 Self-diagnosis

In event of a fault in a sensor, or of sensor having been connected incorrectly, RFG 782 signals the anomalous situation by means "Sensor fault" (4.9) and "Sensor alarm" (4.11) LEDs.

Type of fault	LED "fault"	LED "alarm"
Self heating element of sensor broken No connection to terminal 1 of sensor No connection to terminal 2 of sensor No connection to terminal 3 of sensor Connections 1 and 2 of sensor inverted Connections 1 and 3 of sensor inverted Connections 2 and 3 of sensor inverted	X X X X X	X X X

7. INSTALLATION

7.1 RFG 782 detector

This must be sited in dry premises with a temperature not above 45 °C and as far as possible from water leakages or sprays. If sited in premises classified as "dangerous", it must be installed inside a cabinet constructed according the regulations in force for the type of danger involved.

The electrical connections must be strictly in accordance with the wiring diagram (section 12) and the safety regulations in force must be strictly observed.

7.2 Sensors

The correct siting of the sensors is essential for efficient operation and depends on the type of gas to be monitored and its density in respect of air:

- Methane-Natural gas (a gas lighter than the air that tends to move upwards): at a distance of 10...50 centimeters from the ceiling and, in any event, above the door or the highest window,
- LPG-Propane (a gas heavier than the air that tends to move downwards): at a distance of 10...30 centimeters from the floor,
- **CO-Carbon monoxide** (a gas with a density similar to the air and which therefore tends to diffuse uniformly): at a height of 150...200 centimeters from the floor.

It is advisable to position sensors at a certain distance from gas appliances in order to avoid unnecessary alarms:

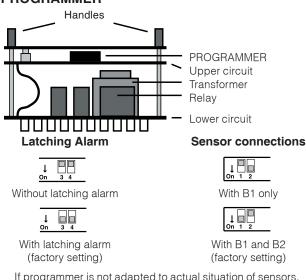
- boilers and calorifiers: at a distance of 1...2 meters,
- cookers: at a distance of 2...3 meters.

7.3 Gas shut-off valve

This must be installed on the gas supply pipe, if possible **outside premises monitored, in an easily accessible place protected from the weather.**

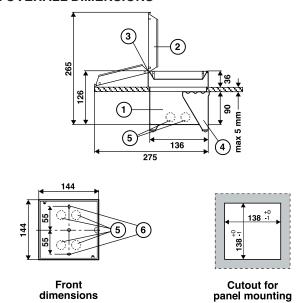
In LPG-Propane installation with external tank it must be installed downstream of low pressure reducing valve (30...40 mbar).

8. PROGRAMMER



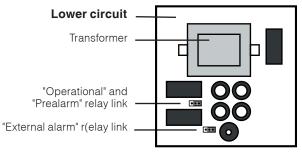
If programmer is not adapted to actual situation of sensors, detector goes into alarm state and signals fault for sensors not connected

9. OVERALL DIMENSIONS





10. RELAY LINKS



L - Relay normally not energized

R - Relay normally energized

11. ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

RFG 782 detector can be powered by 230 V~ (terminals 2 and 3) or by 12 V- (terminals 16 and 17). It is not possible to use the two voltages at the same time.

If one of monitoring sensors it has been planned to use is not connected, the setting of switches 1 and 2 of internal programmer (section 8) must be changed.

The minimum cross section of cables for connecting sensors depends on length of the cables:

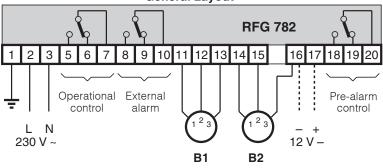
- up to 50 meters: 1 mm²

- up to 75 meters: 1.5 mm².

In any event tha safety regulations in force at the time of making the installation must be scrupulosly observed.

12. WIRING DIAGRAMS

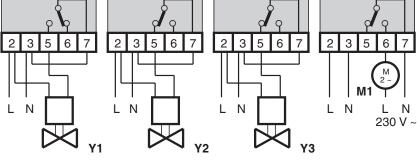




All diagrams are with 230 V ~ power supply Relay contacts of General Layout are shown in condition of detector not receiving power.

Relay contacts of Exemples diagrams are shown in condition of detector receiving power and not in alarm.

Exemples of "Operational" controls



"Operational relay" norm. not energized



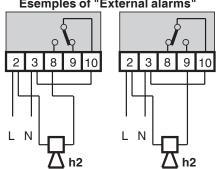




"Operational" relay

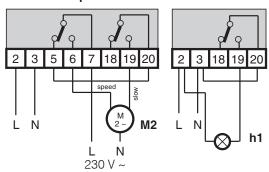
"Operational" relay norm. energized 000

Esemples of "External alarms"



"External alarm" relay norm. not energized norm. energized 000 • • •

Exemples of "Pre-alarm" controls



"Operational" and "Pre-alarm" relays norm. energized norm. energized • • • •••

Without Latching alarm With Latching alarm Without Latching alarm Without Latching alarm











Without Latching alarm

B1-2 – Monitoring sensors

Y1 - Solenoid valve N.O. with reset

Y2 - Solenoid valve N.C

Y3 - Solenoid valve N.C. with reset

h1 - Pre-alarm LED

h2 - External alarms

M1 - One-speed aeration fan

M2 - Two-speed aeration fan

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